

# IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



Bocket No. 7610

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

JUN 21 1999

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventor(s):

Kenneth A. Nicoll, Mark M. Grossi, Grant C. Paton,

Wolf D. Rossman and Alfred J. Hutcheon



Enclosed are also:

X Sheet(s) of Drawings

X An assignment of the invention to NCR Corporation

\_\_\_\_ A certified copy of an application

## **CLAIMS AS FILED**

FOR	Number Filed		Number Extra		Rate		Basic Fee (\$760)
Total Claims	19	-20 =	0	X	\$ 18	=	\$0
Independent Claims	7	- 3=	4	X	\$ 78	=	\$ 312
Multiple Dependent Claims	0			X	\$260	=	\$0
			Tot	al F	iling Fee	=	\$ 1072

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Please have all communications concerning this application and the recorded Assignment directed to:

Michael Chan, Esq.
NCR Corporation
Law Department Intellectual P

Law Department, Intellectual Property, ECD-2

101 West Schantz Avenue Dayton, Ohio 45479-0001

Our telephone number is: (937)445-4956.

Respectfully,

Attorney for: Kenneth A. Nicoll et al.

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# APPLICATION FOR LETTERS PATENT OF THE UNITED STATES

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## **SPECIFICATION**

To all whom it may concern:

Be It Known, That we, Kenneth A. Nicoll, Mark M. Grossi, Grant C. Paton, Wolf D. Rossman, and Alfred J. Hutcheon, citizens of Great Britain, residing at Dundee, Scotland; Dundee, Scotland; Dundee, Scotland; Angus, Scotland; and Alpharetta, Georgia; respectively, have invented certain new and useful improvements in a CASH TRANSACTION VERIFICATION AND CREDITING APPARATUS, of which we declare the following to be a full, clear and exact description:

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## CASH TRANSACTION VERIFICATION AND CREDITING APPARATUS

## **Background of the Invention**

The present invention relates to apparatus to receive cash, verify its genuineness and value and report the value to associated apparatus.

For some years machines known as Automated Teller Machines (ATM) have been available for use by those having bank accounts to provide some of the services hitherto performed by human tellers at bank counters. For example such machines can be used by a person having a bank account to receive currency notes and credit the value of such notes to the account. Furthermore such machines can be placed other than at a bank building and can provide a twenty-four hour service if required. However if a person not having a bank account wishes to pay cash into a bank for any purpose the transaction can only be carried out with a human teller at a bank counter when the bank is open. The success of the ATM has reduced the need for a large number of bank branches and therefore restricted the opportunity to pay cash into a bank. Also other changes make many transactions hitherto carried out with cash more difficult. For example public utilities no longer have the numerous offices, shops or showrooms where their charges for services could be settled by cash payment. Particularly if a person is unable to have a bank account or facility for producing a cheque for payment of such a charge by post or via document deposit in an ATM such a person can be seriously inconvenienced or disadvantaged in meeting such a charge. Similar inconvenience or disadvantage is experienced by a person who, for legitimate personal reasons, does not want a bank account.

#### **Summary of the Invention**

It is an object of the present invention to remove this inconvenience and disadvantage by providing apparatus, system and method which permits the use of cash to pay charges for services provided or to be provided without the need to attend at a bank counter or other office and involve a human teller.

According to the invention an automated terminal for receiving payments including an input for currency notes, an acceptor for such currency notes and an input device, characterized by a control arrangement arranged to record information corresponding to an account for charges by a service provider and to the value of acceptable currency notes fed in, the terminal being at least intermittently connectable to a remote information handling arrangement holding said account for charges.

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The terminal may be arranged to receive payments for a mobile telephone service and include an output to supply payment related information to a service provider of a mobile telephone network. The payment related information may cause the service provider to perform at least one of reducing the balance due on a credit payment account and increasing the calls available on a prepayment account.

Another aspect of the invention provides a method of paying charges for a mobile telephone service including providing an automated terminal to receive currency notes and details of a specific mobile telephone account and to relate acceptable currency note value with the specific account, inserting currency notes and specific account details into said terminal and causing or permitting said terminal to at least intermittently supply said related value and account details to a service provider.

A further aspect of the invention provides a payment system for cash payments to meet a charge on an account of a provider of goods or services including an automated terminal to receive currency notes and details of the account, the terminal including a note acceptor and an input for account details and means to relate and retain accepted currency value and account details together with means to supply said related value and details at least intermittently to said provider to inform of the payment towards the account charges, the terminal also including a secure store for accepted currency notes.

## 20 **Brief Description of the Drawings**

Embodiments of the invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is an external perspective view of an automated terminal for self-service cash transactions such as payment of charges due and embodying the invention,

Figure 2 is a block schematic diagram of the terminal of Figure 1, and Figure 3 is a flow diagram useful in understanding the invention and representing a cash payment operation of the terminal for cash payment of mobile (or cellular) telephone charges.

## 30 **Detailed Description**

Referring to Figure 1 this shows the front of a cash transaction terminal, indicated generally at 10, and having a user panel 11 including a display screen 20 with instruction keys 21 and a cash insertion point 30 having a slot 31 for the insertion of currency notes into a note acceptor. The user panel also includes a keypad 40, which may be alphanumeric, for

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the entry of user information and including enter and cancel keys in conventional manner. There may be a slot 50 from which a printed record or receipt for the transaction is supplied by printer 51, not shown in Figure 1. There may be a slot, not shown, for returning unaccepted notes or these may be rejected via the insertion slot 31. A card reader 41, not shown in Figure 1, may be provided for cards of the conventional credit card form. The terminal in operation is installed in the wall of a building or other secure structure so that the terminal is protected from unauthorized access while permitting authorized access for servicing and retrieval of notes from a secure store for accepted notes.

Figure 2 is a block diagram of the component parts of the terminal of Figure 1 with the same parts designated by the same reference numerals and shows the interconnection of these parts with those described below.

One mode of operation of the terminal will now be outlined as an example of the invention with reference to Figures 1 and 2. When the terminal is quiescent the screen 20 displays a welcome message and an invitation to select the service required, usually by operating one of the keys 21. One of the services will be "credit specific account with cash" or a similar phrase. A user now approaches the terminal. This user has a mobile telephone and has received a bill from the telephone service provider on the account of charges for calls made on the telephone. This user wishes to pay this bill using cash, for reasons dealt with below. The user requests the service "credit specific account with cash" by operating the appropriate one of the keys 21. A control means in the terminal responds to the key and the display changes to "key-in account number" and the user does this with keypad 40. The number keyed-in is recorded in the terminal, for example in memory unit 61 in Figure 2, and may also be transmitted then or at a later time to one or more other places indicated at 90 in Figure 2, such as the computer system of the telephone provider, by the action of the control means 60 and using the connection indicated at 62, which may be a line or wireless link. If the number is acceptable to the terminal the display will change again to "insert cash". Acceptability of the number can be determined in various ways such as parity checks, checking with a list held in the terminal or by on-line check with a centrally-held record. The user now inserts currency notes one-by-one into slot 31. Each note is transported into the note acceptor 32 in the terminal and there checked for validity, acceptability and denomination and acceptable notes are transported in the terminal to a secure store(not shown). The value of acceptable notes for this user is recorded in the terminal. Any notes rejected on being checked are ejected from the terminal. When the user ceases to insert notes and recordal is complete a message "transaction complete? yes/no" is displayed. If the user

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operates the "yes" key the value of notes accepted is associated with the number keyed in by the user. A further message "receipt required? yes/no" may be displayed or a receipt provided on every transaction. When the terminal is connected permanently or intermittently to another system the transaction is recorded on the other system as well so that the record of the user's account shows that the bill was paid in cash at a particular terminal at a particular time and date. If there is no permanent or intermittent connection from the terminal the record of the transactions can be collected from the terminal from time to time by downloading to a suitable device for storage and subsequent transfer to a central system. Clearly any currency notes in the secure store are also removed from time to time. All the operations in the terminal are brought about by the control means.

Reference has been made above to a user of, say, a mobile telephone having reasons to pay a bill in cash. Several reasons are readily apparent. The user may not be able to have a bank account. The user may not have a cheque account on which a cheque can be drawn and sent to the telephone company. The user may not have an account from which a direct debit transfer is permitted. The user may not have any form of account and carry out all transactions in cash. There are parts of the world remote from banking facilities or where bank accounts are not widely used but where services such as mobile telephones are in wide use and payments cause problems for users.

The structure of the apparatus will now be considered in more detail. Some parts will be readily recognized by those familiar with an ATM. Thus the display 20 and keys 21 as well as keypad 40 can be those used in an ATM. A receipt printer 51 and delivery slot 50 if required can also be of ATM type. The parts associated with the insertion and the acceptance and value recordal of a currency note (frequently called a note acceptor) and the secure store for accepted notes are also known in the ATM art, although not found in every ATM, and will not be described further in detail, being shown only in schematic form.

Referring to the block schematic diagram of Figure 2 the note acceptor 32 in this embodiment includes a currency note transport arrangement 70 extending from cash insertion slot 31 in the terminal, where a user places a currency note, and units for determining the acceptability (82) and denomination (81) of a currency note. There is also a secure store for acceptable currency notes. An electronic control unit 60 links, supplies any power required and controls the various parts of the apparatus. A drive control to supply any power required for the note transport 70 is indicated at 75 and this in turn is controlled by control unit 60 in response to the various signals received there from the other units. In operation the arrangement responds to the insertion of a currency note in slot 31 to detect the note,

transport the note and determine the denomination and acceptability of the note. If the note is acceptable and of known denomination the note transport conveys the note to the secure store 83. If for any reason the note is unacceptable the control unit operates the note transport to return the note to the slot 31 from which it is ejected to be retrieved by the user of the terminal who inserted the note. Clearly similar action would be taken for a piece of paper or other spurious item. The secure store has a sensor 84 to detect when the store can not receive any more notes. Suitable electronic and electrical power arrangements are well-known and readily available.

If required a temporary store device 85 can be provided before the secure store. Acceptable notes are held in the temporary store until the "transaction complete?" question is answered "yes" when the store device is operated to move the notes to the secure store. If the question is answered "no" the option "return cash?" is offered and the notes can then be returned from the temporary store to the user either from slot 31 or other convenient outlet and the transaction canceled.

It must be noted that the above arrangement is given by way of example only as many different types of currency note exist with different systems of validity features and denomination distinction. Appropriate techniques exist and, in themselves, do not form part of the present invention being selected as required.

As mentioned above the value of the acceptable notes placed in the secure store is associated with the user's number and recorded for transfer to the person or organization related to this number and to whom the payment is due as meeting the payment to the extent of the cash accepted and retained in the store.

The above describes one form of transaction through the terminal and one arrangement of apparatus in the terminal to put the invention into effect.

Clearly the invention provides for other forms of apparatus and transaction. The basic act of paying a bill on a numbered account with cash has been described. Other cash-based actions are possible. One is the use of a card carrying the account number, possibly in a concealed manner, instead of keying-in the account number by hand. In this case a suitable card reader as mentioned above is needed in the terminal. Where there is a card reader in a terminal a user could use a credit card or debit card to meet the charges, or even use cash and card together. The user would probably need to key-in a personal identification number (PIN) to authorize the card-based transaction but the terminal provides a keypad for this. Figure 3 shows a flow diagram of the cash-based transaction outlined above.

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Another cash-based transaction made possible by the invention is the use of the terminal to "top-up" a mobile telephone which only works if value has already been transferred to the service provider. The user of such a telephone would receive notice, probably via the telephone in some convenient manner such a message on the telephone display, that the pre-paid calls are almost exhausted. The user goes to a terminal embodying the invention and by keying-in or inserting a card informs the terminal of the identity of the telephone account. Cash can then be fed into the terminal to provide further pre-payment of calls. The amount may be chosen by the user or possibly set by the service provider. For this aspect of the invention the terminal would need to be continuously or frequently connected to the fulfillment center of the service provider so that the user can make immediate use of the calls now pre-paid.

The techniques described above permit a user of a mobile telephone to operate the telephone using only cash to meet the charges incurred by making or prepaying telephone calls. No purchase of intermediate tokens or other devices is needed, as has been proposed hitherto in the art, nor does the user have to have a bank account or like financial arrangement. The user does not have to visit a bank during restricted hours but can meet the charges on an account for services at any convenient time and place where there is a terminal.

The terminal has been described above as a stand-alone unit but it could be added to a conventional ATM, or adjacent to an ATM, to simplify communication and servicing.

The terminal has been specifically described in the context of mobile telephone charges but is equally appropriate to the payment of charges on any account where cash is acceptable. Thus charges by utilities such as suppliers of gas, water or electricity, by local authorities for property taxes or even hire purchase payments could be met by the use of a terminal according to the invention. The exact manner in which the value of cash accepted in a terminal is passed to the holder of the account is a matter for the operator of the terminal and may involve a handling charge but would in any case be more efficient and less costly than a transaction at a bank counter with a human teller.

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# What is Claimed is:

1. An automated terminal for receiving payments, the automated terminal comprising:

an acceptor for receiving currency notes; and

- a control unit for recording information corresponding to an account for charges by a service provider and to the value of acceptable currency notes, the terminal being at least intermittently connectable to a remote information handling system holding the account for charges.
  - 2. An automated terminal according to claim 1, wherein payments are received for a mobile telephone service.
  - 3. An automated terminal according to claim 2, further comprising means for enabling the control unit to supply payment related information to a service provider of a mobile telephone network.
  - 4. An automated terminal according to claim 3, wherein the payment related information causes the service provider to perform at least one of reducing the balance due on a credit payment account and increasing the calls available on a prepayment account.
  - 5. A payment system for cash payments to meet a charge on an account of a provider of goods or services, the payment system comprising:

an automated terminal including an acceptor for receiving currency notes and an input device for receiving account details, the terminal including means for relating and retaining accepted currency value and account details together, the terminal including means for supplying the related value and account details at least intermittently to the provider of goods and services to inform of payment towards account charges.

- 6. A payment according to claim 5, further comprising a secure store for accepted currency notes.
- 7. A self-service terminal for a user to pay a provider of goods or services, the self-service terminal comprising:

means for receiving payment from a user; and

means for recording information corresponding to an account for charges by a provider and to the value of acceptable payment from a user; and

means for supplying payment related information at least intermittently to a remote information handling system holding an account for charges to inform of payment towards account charges.

- 8. A self-service terminal according to claim 7, wherein payments are received for a mobile telephone service.
- 9. A self-service terminal according to claim 8, wherein the payment related information causes a mobile telephone service provider to perform at least one of reducing the balance due on a credit payment account and increasing the calls available on a prepayment account.

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10. A self-service terminal for a user to pay a provider of goods or services, the self-service terminal comprising:

a currency note acceptor for receiving payment from a user; and
means for recording information corresponding to an account for charges by a
provider and to the value of acceptable payment from a user; and

means for supplying payment related information at least intermittently to a remote information handling system holding an account for charges to inform of payment towards account charges.

- 11. A self-service terminal according to claim 10, wherein payments are received for a mobile telephone service.
- 12. A self-service terminal according to claim 11, wherein the payment related information causes a mobile telephone service provider to perform at least one of reducing the balance due on a credit payment account and increasing the calls available on a prepayment account.

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13. A self-service terminal for a user to pay a provider of goods or services, the self-service terminal comprising:

a card reader for receiving payment from a user; and
means for recording information corresponding to an account for charges by a
provider and to the value of acceptable payment from a user; and

means for supplying payment related information at least intermittently to a remote information handling system holding an account for charges to inform of payment towards account charges.

- 14. A self-service terminal according to claim 13, wherein payments are received for a mobile telephone service.
- 15. A self-service terminal according to claim 14, wherein the payment related information causes a mobile telephone service provider to perform at least one of reducing the balance due on a credit payment account and increasing the calls available on a prepayment account.

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- 16. A method of paying charges for a mobile telephone service at an automated terminal, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) receiving currency notes and details of a specific mobile telephone account;
- (b) relating acceptable currency note value with the specific mobile telephone account; and
- (c) at least intermittently supplying the related value and account details to a mobile telephone service provider.
- 17. A method of operating a self-service terminal to allow a user to pay a provider of goods or services, the method comprising the steps of:
  - (a) receiving payment from a user; and
- (b) recording information corresponding to an account for charges by a provider and to the value of acceptable payment from a user; and
- (c) supplying payment related information at least intermittently to a remote information handling system holding an account for charges.
  - 18. A method according to claim 17, wherein step (a) includes the step of:

    (a-1) receiving payment in the form of currency notes from a user.
  - 19. A method according to claim 17, wherein step (a) includes the step of:

    (a-1) receiving payment in the form of credit from a user.

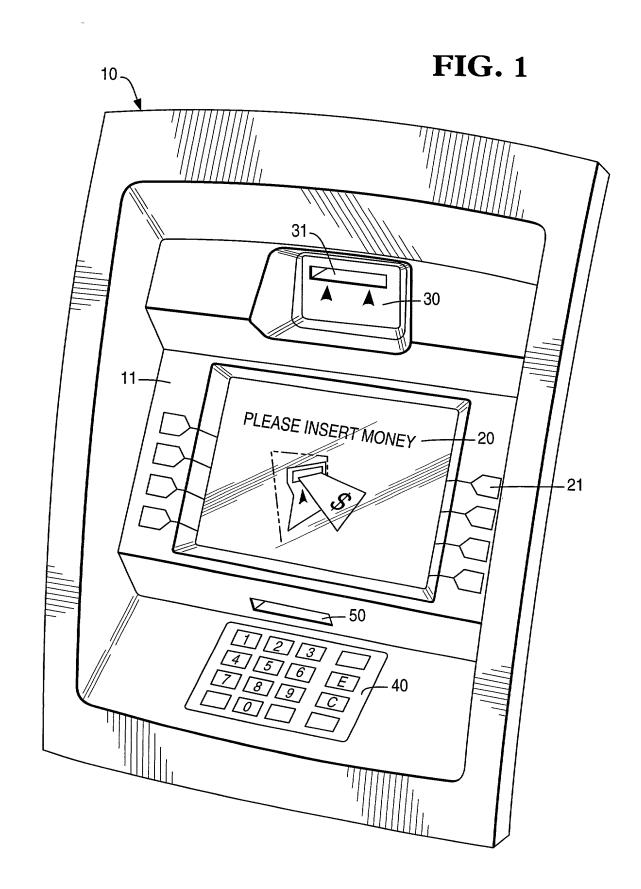
# **CASH TRANSACTION VERIFICATION AND CRDITING APPARATUS**

# **Abstract**

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To enable the payment of charges, for example those for mobile telephones, with cash there is provided an automated terminal for receiving payments including an input for currency notes, an acceptor for such currency notes and an input for information on an account for charges to which payment is required together with a control arrangement to record said account information and the value of acceptable currency notes fed in, to relate said information to said value as payment to said account and to hold said related information and value and acceptable currency notes available for retrieval. In this way a user need not have a bank account to make a payment to an account with a service provider.



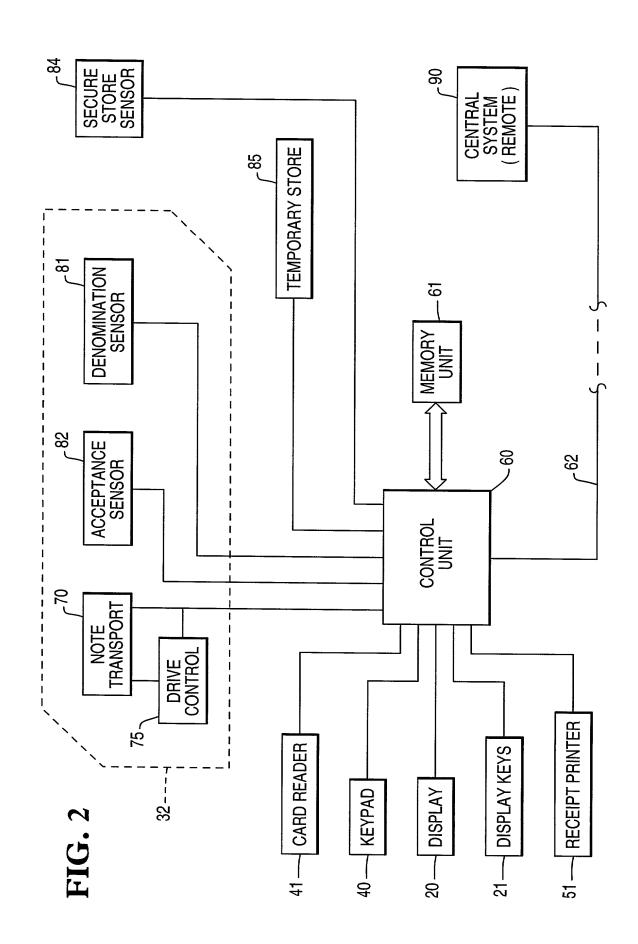
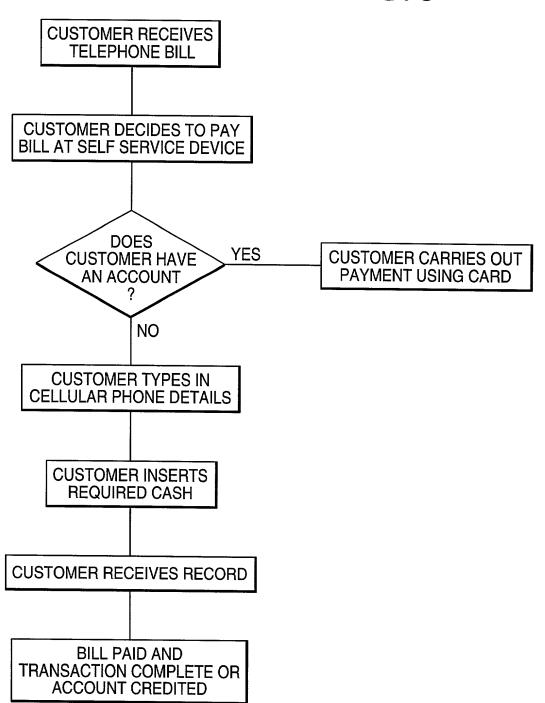


FIG. 3



## DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **CASH TRANSACTION VERIFICATION AND CREDITING APPARATUS** (Docket No. **7610**), the specification of which

<u> </u>	is attached hereto.
	was filed on as
	Application Serial Noand was amended on .
	(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Claimed

9814451.2	<u> United Kingdom</u>	4 July 1998	X	
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes	No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application: None

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)

And I hereby appoint:

Dayton, Ohio, Registration Michael Chan of 33,663, No. and S. Foote Douglas of Dayton, Ohio, Registration 31,013 and No. Ohio, <u>Paul W. Martin</u> of Dayton, Registration No. <u>34,870</u> and James M. Stover of Dayton, Ohio, Registration No. 32,759 and Charlene Stukenborg of Dayton, Ohio, Registration No. 40,832.

my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. I hereby expressly waive my right to revoke the Power of Attorney granted above. Address all telephone calls to Michael Chan at telephone number (937)445-4956. Address all correspondence to Michael Chan, NCR Corporation, Law Department, Intellectual Property Section, ECD-2, 101 West Schantz Avenue, Dayton, OH 45479-0001.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under §1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of first inventor Kenneth A. Nicoll Inventor's signature
Full name of second inventor Mark M. Grossi  Inventor's signature Date: 5/26/99  Residence 2c Quarry Road, Murrhead, Dundee, Scotland DD2 5QG  Citizenship Great Britain  Post Office Address Same as above
Full name of third inventor Grant C. Paton Inventor's signature Completed Date: C/3/99 Residence 26 Strips of Craigie Road, Dundee, Scotland DD4 70G Citizenship Great Britain Post Office Address Same as above
Full name of fourth inventor Wolf D. Rossman  Inventor's signature Date:
Full name of fifth inventor Alfred J. Hutcheon Inventor's signature Date: Date: Date: